How to improve our research impact?

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Clinical Epidemiologist
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چگونه یک پژوهش اثربخش داشته باشیم؟

چگونه اثربخشی پژوهش خود را افزایش دهیم؟

The Story of Impact



Todays Outline

■ In this session, we will talk about:

- 1. What is Research Impact?
- 2. How is Research Impact measured?
- 3. What are the resources for assessing impact?
- 4. How to improve our research impact?
- 5. How can I demonstrate my research Impact?

پژوهش پاسخگو، نافع، کاربردی، هدفمند، مساله، محصول محور



Publish or Perish!



Substitute of old "Publish or Perish"!

Getting Found, Staying Found & Increasing Impact

Science Circle

The circle of science from origination to usage consist of many steps as follows:

- 1- Doing Research
- 2- Research Publication (Paper)
- 3- Knowledge Dissemination
- 4- Knowledge Utilization & Application



- It is all the diverse ways that research benefits individuals, organizations and nations through increasing effectiveness of public services and policy, improving quality of life and health, or economic benefits.
- It may translate as benefit, payback, translation, transfer, uptake and utilization.
- The "Academic Impact", considered to be the research knowledge contribution to a field of study within academia, should be distinguished from "Non-academic Impact", which goes beyond academia.

Research impact is defined as how broadly scholarly research is being read, discussed, and used both inside and outside of the academy.

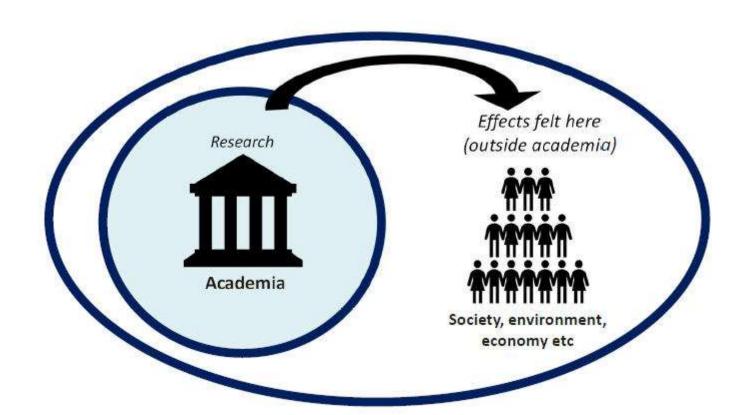
Research impact is the contribution that research makes to the economy, society, environment or culture, <u>beyond</u> the contribution to academic research.

(Australian Research Council)

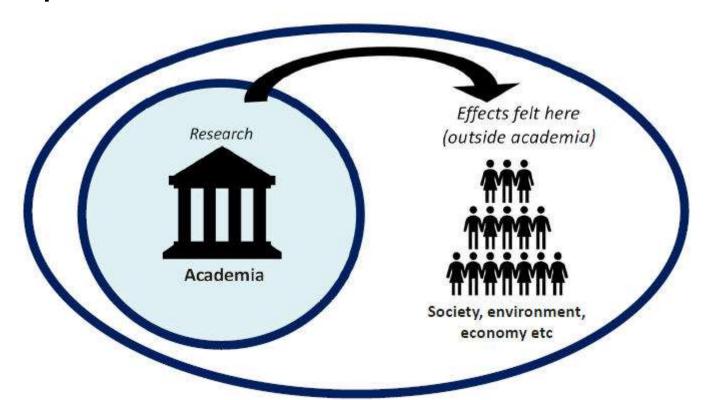


An effect on, change or benefit to the economy, society, culture, public policy or services, health, the environment or quality of life, <u>beyond</u> academia.

Any Real Effect of Research in Real World is called impact.



Any provable Effect (Benefits) of Research in Real World is called impact.



Research Impact Application

Research impact is taken into account when research groups are being evaluated formally, but also when your own your academic work or career is being evaluated for funding, promotion or appointments.

Researchers use different strategies to improve their potential research impact in all phases of the publishing process.

Pathways to Research Impact and Engagement

Inputs

Time and material resources e.g. research income, staff, infrastructure

Activities

Research work, facility use, community and stakeholders engagement

Outputs

Deliverables from the research project e.g. publications, IP, patents, media, policy briefings, presentations

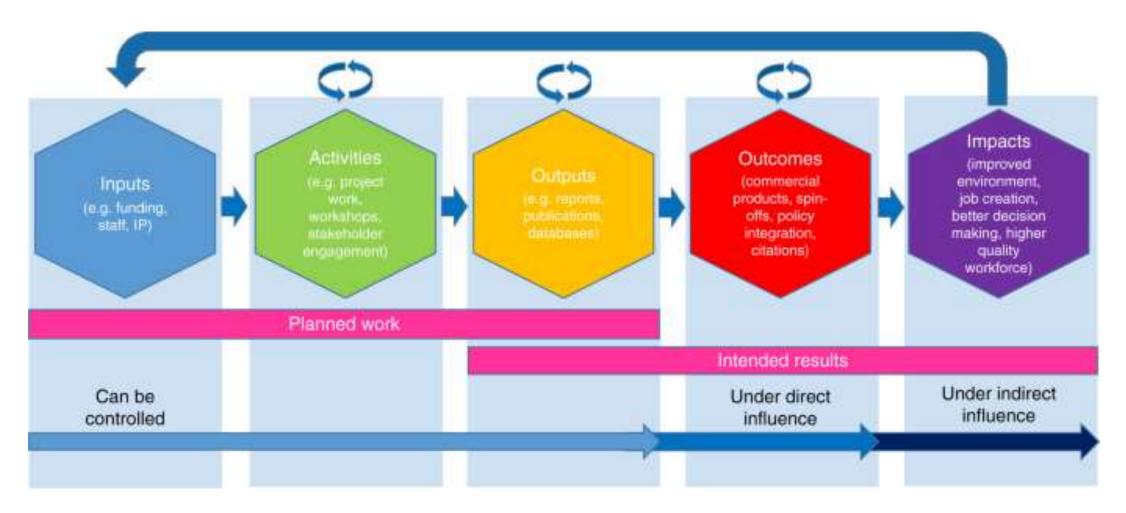
Outcomes

Changes that happen e.g. change in policy, new companies, improved training, commercial changes

Impact

Measurable change that occurs e.g. lower unemployment, increased quality of life, reduced accidents

Research Impact Assessment



Fryirs, K.A., Brierley, G.J. & Dixon, T. Engaging with research impact assessment for an environmental science case study. Nat Commun 10, 4542 (2019). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-019-12020-z

A Real Case of Research Impact!

HORMONE RESEARCH

Original Paper

Horm Res 2004;62:79-83 DOI: 10.1159/000079392 Received: September 27, 2003 Accepted: April 20, 2004 Published online: June 24, 2004

Prevalence of Congenital Hypothyroidism in Isfahan, Iran: Results of a Survey on 20,000 Neonates

Mahin Hashemipour^{a,b} Massoud Amini^{a,b} Ramin Iranpour^b Gholam Hossein Sadri^c Narges Javaheri^a Sassan Haghighi^a Silva Hovsepian^a Abbas Ali Javadi^d Mahdi Nematbakhsh^e Goshtasb Sattari^a

alsfahan Endocrine & Metabolism Research Center, bDepartment of Pediatrics, School of Medicine,

^cDepartment of Social Medicine, School of Medicine, ^dDepartment of Infectious Diseases, School of Medicine, and

^eDepartment of Physiology, School of Medicine, Isfahan University of Medical Sciences & Health Services, Isfahan, Iran

A Real Case of Research Impact!

> Horm Res. 2004;62(2):79-83. doi: 10.1159/000079392. Epub 2004 Jun 24.

Prevalence of congenital hypothyroidism in Isfahan, Iran: results of a survey on 20,000 neonates

Mahin Hashemipour ¹, Massoud Amini, Ramin Iranpour, Gholam Hossein Sadri, Narges Javaheri, Sassan Haghighi, Silva Hovsepian, Abbas Ali Javadi, Mahdi Nematbakhsh, Goshtasb Sattari

Affiliations + expand

MID: 15237248 DOI: 10.1159/000079392

tract

Aims: To evaluate the prevalence of congenital hypothyroidism (CH) in a screening program performed for the first time in Isfahan, Iran.

Methods: From May 2002 to December 2002, T4 and TSH serum concentrations of 20,000 3- to 7-day-old newborns, born in all 17 hospitals of the city, were measured by radioimmunoassay and immunoradiometric assay, respectively. The newborns with abnormal screening results (TSH > 20 mIU/I, T4 < 6.5 microg/dl and based on the weight) were re-examined.

Results: Of 531 recalled subjects (recall rate 2.6%), 54 were confirmed to be hypothyroid, showing a prevalence of 1:370 for CH.

Conclusion: Considering the high frequency of CH, the necessity of implementing a routine screening program in the healthcare system of Isfahan Province is emphasized.





تاریخچه و طراحی برنامه کشوری غربالگری بیماری کم کاری تیروپید نوزادان در ایران

با توجه به گذار اپیدمیولوژیک از شیوع و بروز بالای بیماریهای واگیر به غیرواگیر در سالهای اخیر، مداخله در هر سه سطح پیشگیری (اولیه، ثانویه و ثالثیه) در مدیریت بیماریهای غیرواگیر جزو اولویتهای بهداشتی کشور قرار گرفته است. در دهه ۶۰ و قبل از اجرای برنامه غنی سازی نمک با ید، دکتر عزیزی و همکارانشان اقدام به غربالگری نوزادان برای بیماری كمكاري تيروييد كردند. اما به علت كمبود يد ميزان فراخوان بسيار بالا بود، لذا اين اقدام پس از مدتى متوقف گرديد. مطالعاتی در ارتباط با میزان بروز بیماری کم کاری تیرویید در دانشگاههای علوم پزشکی مختلف (دکتر عزیزی و همکاران-دانشگاه شهید بهشتی، دکترکرمیزاده و همکاران- دانشگاه فارس و دکتر هاشمیپور و همکاران — دانشگاه اصفهان) انجام شد. نتایج حاصل ازکلیه این مطالعات نشان داد که بروز بیماری کمکاری تیرویید در نوزادان کشور بسیار بالاست. با توجه به پژوهشهای انجام شده در اصفهان، تهران و شیراز، بروز کمکاری تیرویید در کشور ۱ بیمار در هر ۱۰۰۰ نوزاد زنده متولد شده تخمین زده شد.

به نام خالق هستی



برنامه کشوری غربالگری بیماری کمکاری تیرویید نوزادان

دستورالعمل ويژه كارشناس

نویسندگان: دکتر شهین یاراحمدی دکتر نسرین آژنگ

زیر نظر: دکتر علیرضا مصداقینیا دکتر کورش اعتماد دکتر سید محمد علوینیا

برنامه کشوری غربالگری بیماری کمکاری تیرویید نوزادان

دستورالعمل ویژه بهورز و مراقب سلامت

نویسندگان دکتر شهین یاراحمدی دکتر نسرین آژنگ

بیماری کمکاری تیرویید نوزادان، وضعیتی از کمبود هورمون تیرویید قابل درمان است که در صورت عدم تشخیص به هنگام و یا درمان نامناسب، می تواند موجب بروز عقبماندگی شدید و اختلال در رشد کودک شود. عدم تشخیص و درمان مناسب و به هنگام بیماری در مبتلایان، بار بیماری سنگینی را بر خانواده و جامعه وارد می کند. در حالی که در صورت تشخیص به هنگام، درمان ساده، آسان، ارزان و موثر است. با غربالگری نوزادان و شناسایی بیماران و درمان مناسب آنان، عوارض جدی بیماری اتفاق نیفتاده و با حفظ ضریب هوشی طبیعی در بیمار، فردی مولد و سالم به جامعه تحویل داده می شود.

ادغام برنامه کشوری غربالگری نوزادان برای بیماری کـمکـاری تیروییـد، در مهر ماه سال ۱۳۸۴، اجرای هم زمـان آن در روسـتاها و شـهرها، دسـتیابی بـه پوشش بیش از ۹۷٪ در کمترین زمان ممکن، شـروع درمـان در کلیـه بیمـاران شناسایی شده، حفظ ضریب هوشی طبیعی در همه بیماران تحـت درمـان، دارا بودن هزینه به سـود ۱ بـه ۲۲ و بـسترسـازی مناسـب بـرای غربـالگری دیگـر بیماریهای مهم و قابل غربالگری در نوزادان، از ویژگیهای مهمی است که این برنامه را در دنیا بینظیر کرده است.

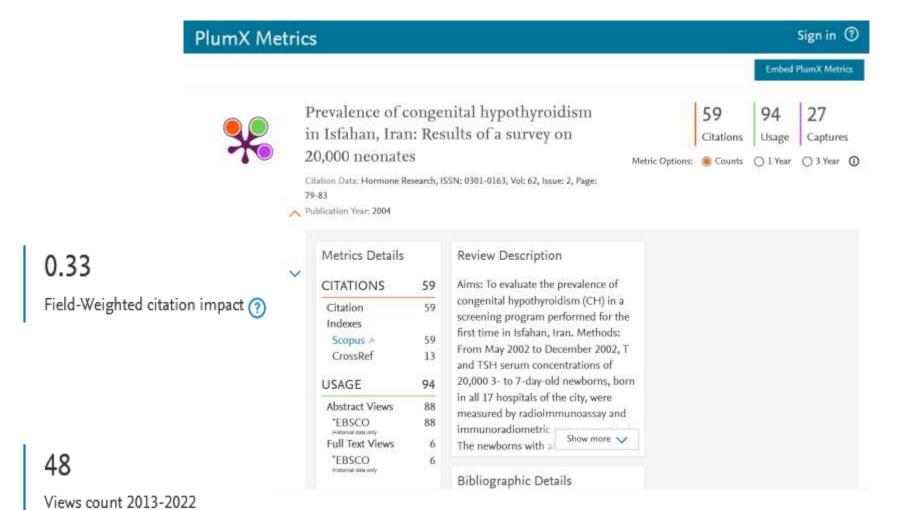
تاکنون بیش از ۱۲ میلیون نوزاد غربالگری شده و تعداد زیادی بیمار شناسایی و درمان شدهاند. بدون اجرای این برنامه عقب ماندگی ذهنی در درجات مختلف در این بیماران غیر قابل اجتناب بود.

IMPACT

A Real Case of Research Impact!

شیوع بالای بیماری، عوارض جبران اپذیر مغزی بیماری در صورت عدم تشخیص و درمان بهموقع که تنها با غربالگری دوران نوزادی قابل پیشگیری است و از طرف دیگر مقرون به بودن اجرای برنامه در کشور مسئولین وزارت بهداشت درمان و آموزش پزشکی را بر آن داشت تا برنامه غربالگری را در سطح ملی به اجرا درآورند. لذا با استفاده از نتایج و تجارب به دست آمده طرح غربالگری کمکاری مادر زادی تیروئید در سطح کشور بهعنوان یک برنامه ملی طراحی گردید و در سال 1382 در اولین برنامه کشوری به طور آزمایشی در استانهای اصفهان، بوشهر و شهر شیراز اجرا شد و نهایتاً از سال 1384 این برنامه در سیستم سلامت کشور ادغام شده است. از زمان اجرای برنامه در سطح ملی تا آبان ماه سال جاری مجموعاً شش میلیون و هفت صد هزار نوزاد (49 درصد نوزاد دختر و 51 درصد نوزاد پسر) تحت غربالگری قرارگرفته که پانزده هزار نفر آزمودن غربالگری مثبت داشته و اقدامات تشخیصی و درمانی بر طبق دستورالعمل کمیته علمی کشوری برای آنان انجام شده است. این برنامه درمجموع حدود 95 درصد زایمانهای شهری و روستایی را تحت پوشش قرار داده و میزان فراخوان برنامه 29/2 در صد است.

A Real Case of Research Impact!



Scopus metrics

59 50th percentile

Citations in Scopus

Views count ?

Last updated on 18 June 2021

8

Views count 2021

- Research funders and research organizations globally are looking to measure impact.
- The impacts are not easily recognized & quantified.
- There can be considerable time lags between research and impact.
- Impact is often made from accumulated knowledge and not a specific research finding.

Research Impact Goals & Application

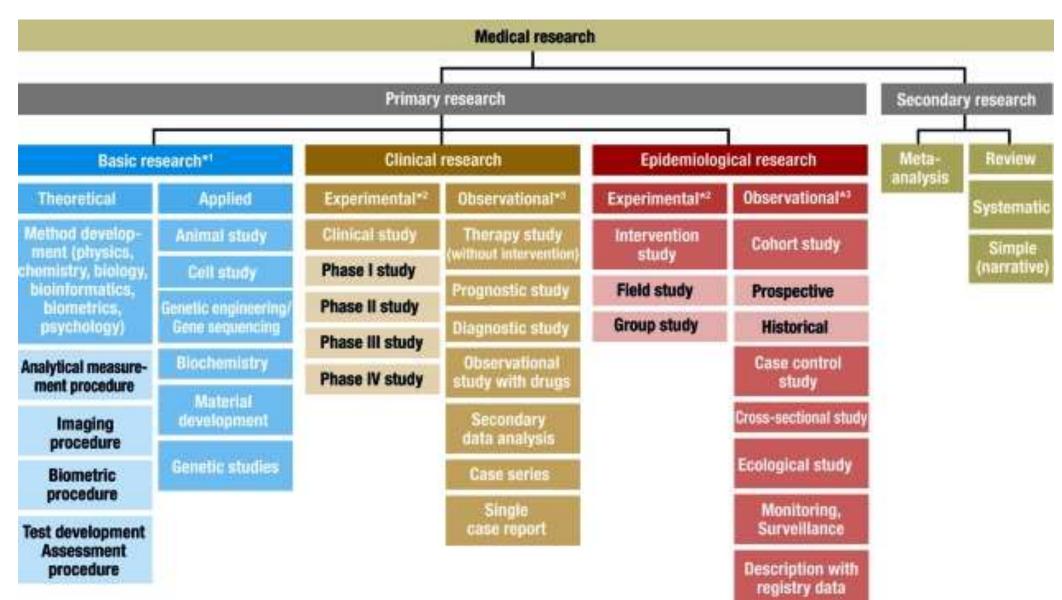
- What type of impact you are trying to achieve?
- Who will benefit from your research?
- How will they benefit?
- How can you measure this impact?
- How can you capture & provide evidence of this?

A Quick Look at: Steps in Scientific Writing

- Design well
- Decide politics
- Choose journal
- Read instructions to authors/papers
- Set framework
- Prepare drafts
- Distribute
- Polish
- Submit

Röhrig B, du Prel JB, Wachtlin D, Blettner M. Types of study in medical research: part 3 of a series on evaluation of scientific publications. Dtsch Arztebl Int. 2009 Apr;106(15):262-8. doi: 10.3238/arztebl.2009.0262. Epub 2009 Apr 10. PMID: 19547627; PMCID: PMC2689572.

Which Type of Study Makes the Research Impact?



Different Types of Impacts

- Research impact
- Social impact
- Clinical impact
- Economic impact
- Environmental impact
- Impact on health and wellbeing
- Policy influence and change
- Technological developments

Altmetrics (Alternative Metrics) Article Level Metrics

Scores article social impact & Monitors "mentions" in society

- □Conventional Media
- □Social Media
- □ Reference Managers
- □Post-pub & Peer-review Sites



Score in context

Is one of the highest ever scores in this journal (ranked #1 of 3,692)

show more...

Mentioned by

32 news outlets
17 blogs
209 tweeters

4 Facebook users 21 Google+ users

Readers on

8 Mendeley 7 CiteULike

Track this article

 Get email updates when this article is shared

Altmetrics (Alternative Metrics) Article Level Metrics

Article metrics | Last updated: Mon, 27 Jun 2022 3:05:26 Z

The toxic truth about sugar

Access & Citations

165k 467 475

Article Accesses Web of Science CrossRef

Citation counts are provided from Web of Science and CrossRef. The counts may vary by service, and are reliant on the availability of their data. Counts will update daily once available.

Online attention



This article is in the 99th percentile (ranked 9th) of the 248,715 tracked articles of a similar age in all journals and the 99th percentile (ranked 2nd) of the 1,093 tracked articles of a similar age in *Nature*

Altmetric calculates a score based on the online attention an article receives. Each coloured thread in the circle represents a different type of online attention. The number in the centre is the Altmetric score. Social media and mainstream news media are the main sources that calculate the score. Reference managers such as Mendeley are also tracked but do not contribute to the score. Older articles often score higher because they have had more time to get noticed. To account for this, Altmetric has included the context data for other articles of a similar age.

Altmetrics (Alternative Metrics) Article Level Metrics

Article metrics | Last updated: Mon, 27 Jun 2022 8:20:19 Z

Effect of a vitamin/mineral supplement on children and adults with autism

Access & Citations

51k Article Accesses 114

Web of Science

140 CrossRef Citation counts are provided from Web of Science and CrossRef.

The counts may vary by service, and are reliant on the availability of their data. Counts will update daily once available.

Online attention



This article is in the 99th percentile (ranked 1,544th) of the 247,988 tracked articles of a similar age in all journals and the 98th percentile (ranked 1st) of the 86 tracked articles of a similar age in *BMC Pediatrics*

Altmetric calculates a score based on the online attention an article receives. Each coloured thread in the circle represents a different type of online attention. The number in the centre is the Altmetric score. Social media and mainstream news media are the main sources that calculate the score. Reference managers such as Mendeley are also tracked but do not contribute to the score. Older articles often score higher because they have had more time to get noticed. To account for this, Altmetric has included the context data for other articles of a similar age.

Altmetric (Alternative Metrics) Article Level Metrics

- Evaluate your publication Social Impact
- Benchmark your article effect against others
- Connect to discussion on your article
- Shows decisions made based on your papers
- Communicate impact to people, colleagues etc.
- Increasingly....demonstrate societal impact to funders

Five Categories to Learn: Citations

- Citations: Traditional index which also citations that help indicate societal impact such as Clinical or Policy Citations.
- Examples: citation indexes, patent citations, clinical citations, policy citations.
- Sources: Web of Science, Scopus, Google Scholar, ...

Five Categories to Learn: Usage

■ **Usage:** A way to signal if anyone is reading the articles or otherwise using the research. Usage is the number one statistic researchers want to know after citations.

Sources: Clicks, Downloads, Views, Library Holdings, Video Plays.

Five Categories to Learn: Captures

■ Captures: Indicates that someone wants to come back to the work. Captures can be an leading indicator of future citations.

Sources: Bookmarks, Code Forks, Favorites, Readers, Watchers.

Five Categories to Learn: Mentions

Mentions: Measurement of activities such as news articles or blog posts about research. Mentions is a way to tell that people are truly engaging with the research.

Sources: Blog Posts, Comments, Reviews, Wikipedia References, News Media.

Five Categories to Learn: Social Media

- Social Media: This category includes the tweets, Facebook likes, etc. that reference the research. Social Media can attract attention. Social media can also be a good measure of how well a particular piece of research has been promoted.
- **Examples:** Facebook, Twitter, ...
- Sources: Shares, Likes, Comments, Tweets

Papers Different Impact Measures

	Index	Measuring Systems
1	View	Academia, ResearchGate, PloS, Different Publishers
2	Downloaded/Saved	Mendeley, Different Publishers, PloS
3	Discussed	Wikipedia, Facebook, Blogs, ScienceSeeker
4	Recommended	F1000 Prime
5	Citations	Web of Science, Scopus, Google Scholar, CorssRef, Patent Citation,
6	Mentions	Blogs, News, Reddit, Wikipedia
7	Shares, Likes & Comments	Facebook, Twitter

Altmetric (Alternative Metrics) Article Level Metrics Benefits

- Wide Used Resourced, NOT limited to indexed Journals
- Goof for Young Researchers
- Shows immediate impact, No more time needed
- Free, No Subscription required
- Article Level Metrics instead of Journal Level Metrics









Article Usage (Downloads)

Academic Citation



Blog Coverage	News Coverage
Non-Scholarly Citation	Community Input

Dissemination, Altmetrics, Citations & Impact

■ Dissemination is not impact, even if you have the impressive number of reads, downloads, views or use.

How did you know if anyone really used it or learned from it, benefitted or did anything different as results.

Keep asking, what happened next?!

The Impact Story

Citation ≠ Impact
Altmetrics ≠ Impact

Research Visibility & Impact

You may consider your research papers visibility in 2 stage:

- 1. Pre-publication Phase Visibility
- 2. Post-publication Phase Visibility

Research Impact Story

- Pre-Research Execution
- Post-Research Execution

- Pre-Publication
- Post-Publication

Publication Process

Business Plan for Your Article

- 1. Preparing your article
- 2. Publishing your article
- 3. Promoting your published article
- 4. Monitoring your article

Business Plan for Your Article

- Pre-Publication
 - Preparing your article
 - Publishing your article

- Post-Publication
 - Promoting your published article
 - Monitoring your article

Research Impact Story

- Pre-Research Execution
- Post-Research Execution

- Pre-Publication
- Post-Publication

Pre-Publication (Pre-Research Execution)

- Select Research topics with a high potential academic and/or societal relevance.
- Consider the related Hot Topics.
- Consider the study types & designs like reviews.
- Don't forget that a good topic will result in a good impact.

How Collaborations Increase Research Impact?



Institutional, National & International Collaboration & Its Effect on Citation



Preparing Your Article

- Spend time on abstract and introduction & conclusion
- Use easy to understand charts and professional illustrations
- Use clear and correct manuscript language
- Consider Brevity in paper, Conciseness & Precision in title
- Sharing research data

Pre-Publication (Pre-Research Execution)

Ensure your research output has a clear title that is direct and concise. This will promote readership and attract citations from beyond your own discipline.

Think about writing a plain language summary of your research that is understandable to a non-specialist audience including public or researchers from other disciplines



Oswald Avery (1877-1955)

1944: DNA is genes

= function

(nearly) Forgotten



Jim Watson (1928-Current) Francis Crick (1916-2004)

1953: DNA two intertwined spirals

= structure Immortal

Writing Does Matter



A structure for Desoxyribose Nucleic Acid Nature 1953, 737-738 Studies on the Chemical Nature of the Substance Inducing Transformation of Pneumococcal Types



J. Exp. Med. 1944, 137-158

~900 words, 1 sketch

1st mention of DNA: 2nd line

"It has not escaped our notice that the specific pairing we have postulated immediately suggests a possible copying mechanism for the genetic material." ~7'500 words, 4 tables 1st mention of DNA: p9/23

"The evidence presented supports the belief that a nucleic acid of the desoxyribose type is the fundamental unit of the transforming principle of Pneumococcus Type III."

Enrich Your Article

Enrich Your Article to present your research in the best possible way

- Search Engine Optimization (keywords, Captions, Highlights)
- Using Multimedia (Editorial Podcasts, AudioSlides)
- Graphical Abstract

Highlights Gynecologic Oncology Journal Example

Cervical Cancer

The efficacy and safety of neoadjuvant chemotherapy in the treatment of locally advanced cervical cancer: A randomized multicenter study Original Research Article



Pages 231-239

Zhijun Yang, Dandan Chen, Jieqing Zhang, Desheng Yao, Kun Gao, He Wang, Cui Liu, Jiang Yu, Li Li



PDF (909 K)

Highlights

- NACT reduces rate of patients requiring postoperative radiation by eliminating pathological risk factors, including LVSI and deep stromal invasion.
- IP as neoadjuvant chemotherapy has similar efficacy comparing to TP, but higher rates of neutropenia and diarrhea.
- LVSI was the only factor that indicates prognosis.

Graphical Abstract Gynecologic Oncology Journal Example

Reviews

Article

The sentinel node procedure in early stage cervical cancer, taking the next step; a diagnostic review Review



Pages 559-567

Casper Tax, Maroeska M. Rovers, Corine de Graaf, Petra L.M. Zusterzeel, Ruud L.M. Bekkers

Close graphical abstract
Research highlights PDF (883 K) Supplementary content Early stage Cervical cancer patients (FIGO IA2, IB1, IIA primary tumour size <40mm) Pelvic Lymph Node dissection Sentinel Node Procedure PLND + CRT. TILN + PLND SLN + CRIT Virtuitaine present No publicated risk that to diagraphic Autobiornal make abor to "eventilagements Family 13.10 No realizationer treatment No bentestases present Afetaxlases present Ass bledsetness present No additional risk due to diagression 52,7V districted and positive TSLAR distances of ainch he parties

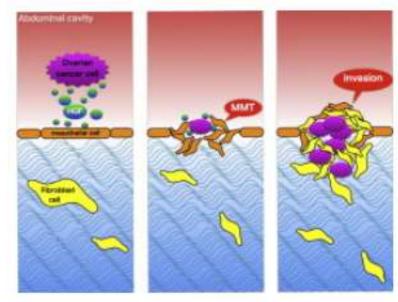
Graphical Abstract Gynecologic Oncology Journal Example

Hepatocyte growth factor secreted by ovarian cancer cells stimulates peritoneal implantation via the mesothelial-mesenchymal transition of the peritoneum Original Research Article Pages 345-354



Michihiko Nakamura, Yoshihiro J. Ono, Masanori Kanemura, Tomohito Tanaka, Masami Hayashi, Yoshito Terai, Masahide Ohmichi





Business Plan for Your Article

- 1. Preparing your article
- 2. Publishing your article
- 3. Promoting your published article
- 4. Monitoring your article

Pre-Publication (Pre-Research Execution)

- Choose the Right Journal to publish your manuscript
- Consider Open Access Journals
- Consider the indexing Database of target Journal

Considerations in Selecting a Journal

- 1. National or international audience?
- 2. Language?
- 3. Databases indexes Journal?
- 4. Multidisciplinary or specialty journals?
- 5. The journal's content area/scope?
- 6. Chances of acceptance?
- 7. What about the impact factor?
- 8. Practical matters (time to publication, etc.)

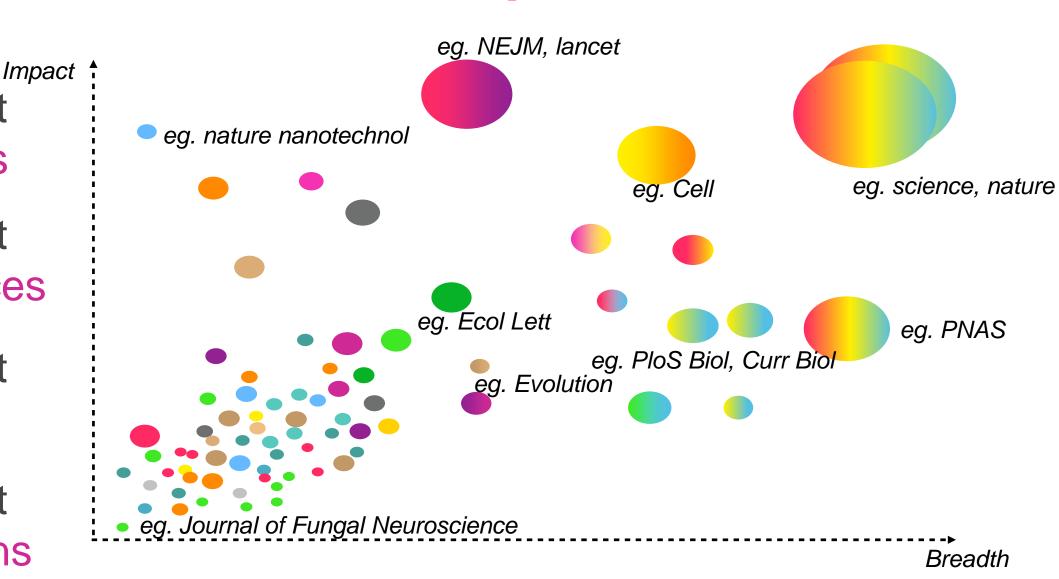
The Journal Spectrum

Different Journals

Different Audiences

Different Papers

Different Functions



Elsevier Journal Finder

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ELSEVIER

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☐ GeoSciences ☑	Humanities and Arts	☐ Life and Health Sciences ☑				

Springer Journal Selector

http://www.springer.com/gp/authors-editors/journal-author/journal-author-helpdesk/preparation/1276

Springer journal selector

t... Top

How It Works

Select the journal that suits your research best from over 2,600 Springer publications.

The Springer Journal Selector uses semantic technology to help you quickly choose the Springer journal that is right for your paper.

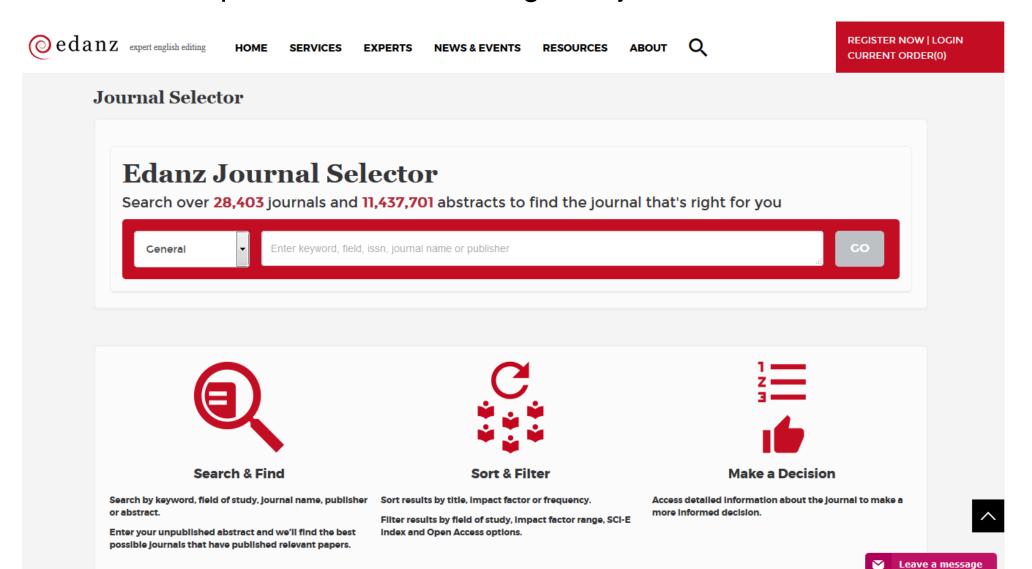
Enter your abstract, description of your research, or a sample text and the Springer Journal Selector provides a list of relevant journals. You can refine the results based on requirements for Impact Factor or publishing model, including an option to match to journals that are fully open access or have open access options.

Enter your abstract or article description

the period of investigation, it is found that the troposphere temperature has increased by about 0.033 °C/year at Helwan, Egypt, 0.03 °C/year at Coimbra, Portugal, and 0.028 °C/year in Hurbanovo/Stará Lesná, Slovakia. The Sq geomagnetic variations depend on the intensity of the electric currents generated by the effect of solar radiation in the ionosphere.

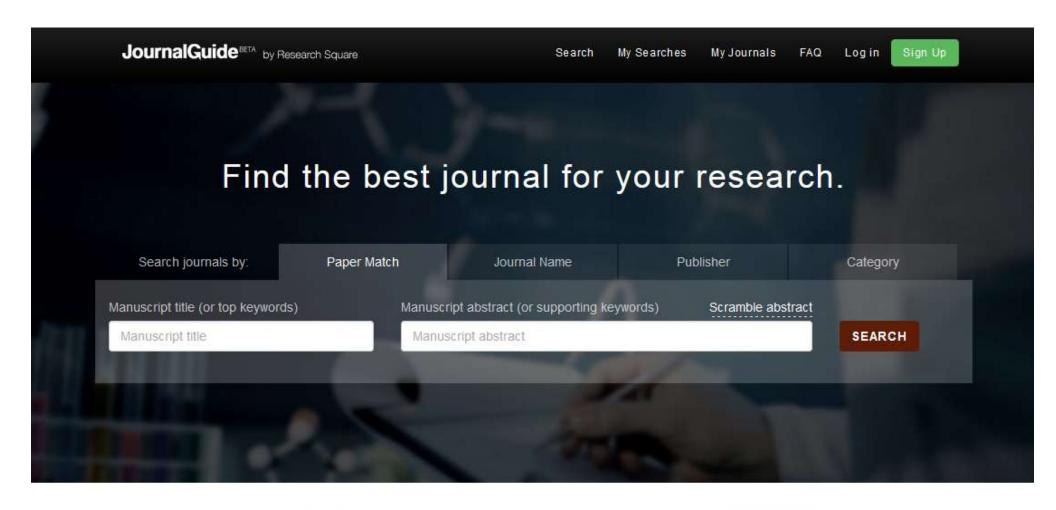
Edanz Journal Selector

https://www.edanzediting.com/journal-selector



Journal Guide

https://www.journalguide.com/



Optimizing articles for search-engines (SEO)

- Although search engine optimization (SEO) is usually associated with websites and webpages, it can be used for scientific articles as well.
- Not only to ensure that articles are found (crawled) and indexed, but also to influence the position where the articles are displayed in the results list.
- Just like any other type of ranked search results, articles displayed in top positions are more likely to be read and cited.

How to SEO your articles



Pre-Publication (Pre-Research Execution)

Use Alternative and/or parallel publishing channels, such as Pre-print Services and Pre-print Servers to generate feedback and interest in your publication (e.g. arXiv.org eprint service and others)

Research Impact Story

- Pre-Research Execution
- Post-Research Execution

- Pre-Publication
- Post-Publication

Business Plan for Your Article

- Pre-Publication
 - Preparing your article
 - Publishing your article

- Post-Publication
 - Promoting your published article
 - Monitoring your article

Promoting your published article

Post-Publication (Post-Research Execution)

Writing and publishing your scholarly article is not the final step. You must Market your research.

■ To maximize your research impact, you must inform everyone in your academic and social networks about it.

 Use social media to discuss your article or study, focusing on special interest groups.

Impact & So Correlated With Visibility

To make an impact, first you have to make yourself & your work visible.

The more visible you are, the more probable you make an impact.

The ways for researchers to increase their visibility and impact are different across different.

Make & Mind Your Academic Profiles

Use & Update Author Identifiers and Profiles:

- ORCiD
- Google Scholar
- ResearcherID (Publons)
- Scopus Author ID
- Loop

Post-Publication (Post-Research Execution)

Share links to your abstract or publication on Academia, LinkedIn, on your website, your academic institution's profile page, Facebook, Twitter, etc.

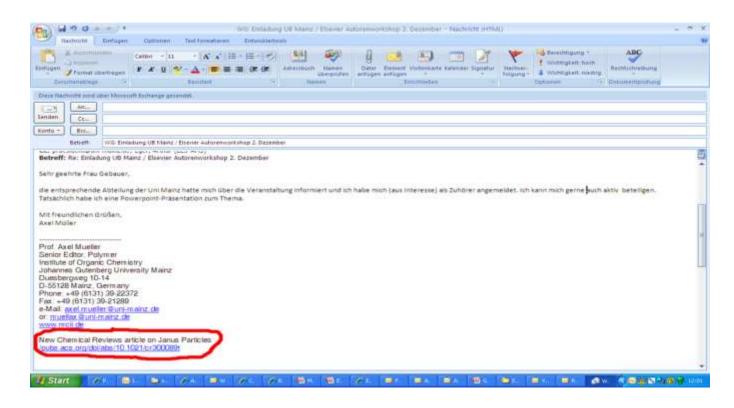
- When publisher policy permits, post your article/study (or author version) to:
 - □ Subject repositories, (e.g. SSRN, DOAJ, PubMed Central)
 - Mendeley, ResearchGate, Academia and elsewhere

Promoting your article

- 1. Press Release
- 2. Conferences
- 3. Media relations
- 4. Shared links to your article
- 5. Online CV
- 6. Social Networks

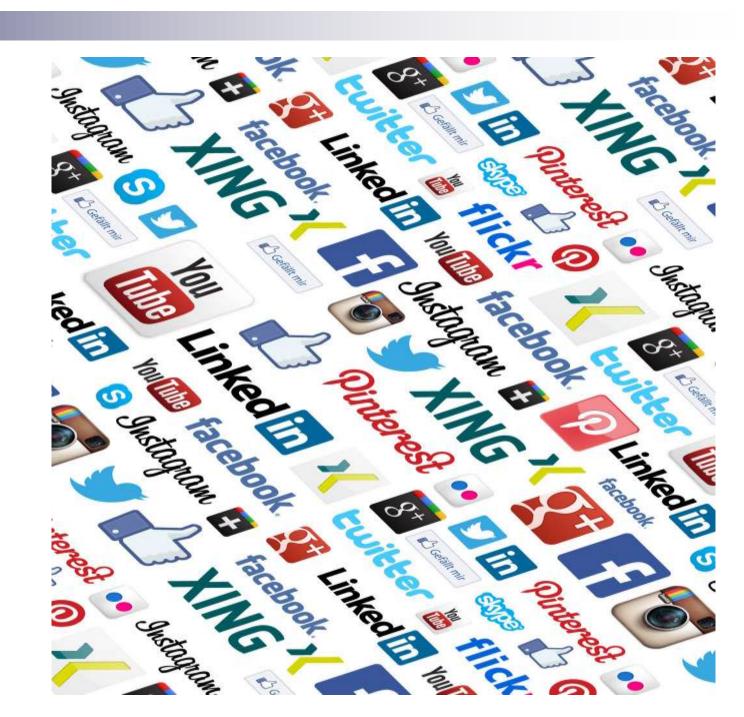
Share links to your article

- Customized short link with free access
- Link from university website & Emails to boost SEO



Social Networks

Maximize your research impact of your published papers through Social Networks

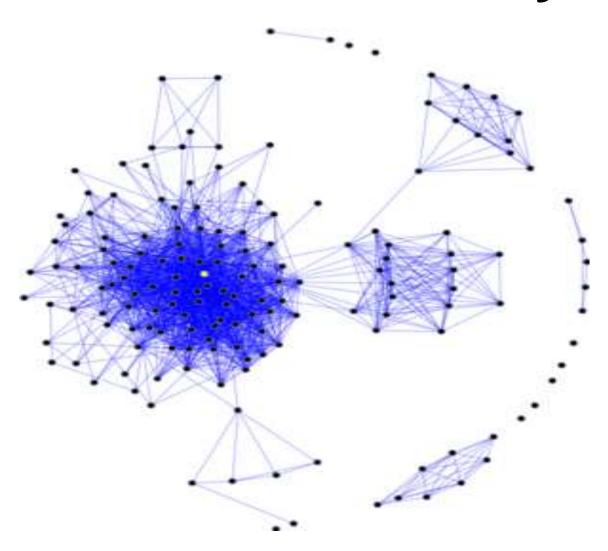


Academic Social Networks

What is a Social Network?

A social network is a social structure made up of individuals which are connected by one or more specific types of interdependency, such as friendship, common interest, relationships of beliefs, knowledge or prestige.

Social Network Analysis



Examples of Social Networks

Scientific Social Networks

- http://www.researchgate.net/
- http://www.academia.edu/
- http://www.mendeley.com/

General Social Networks

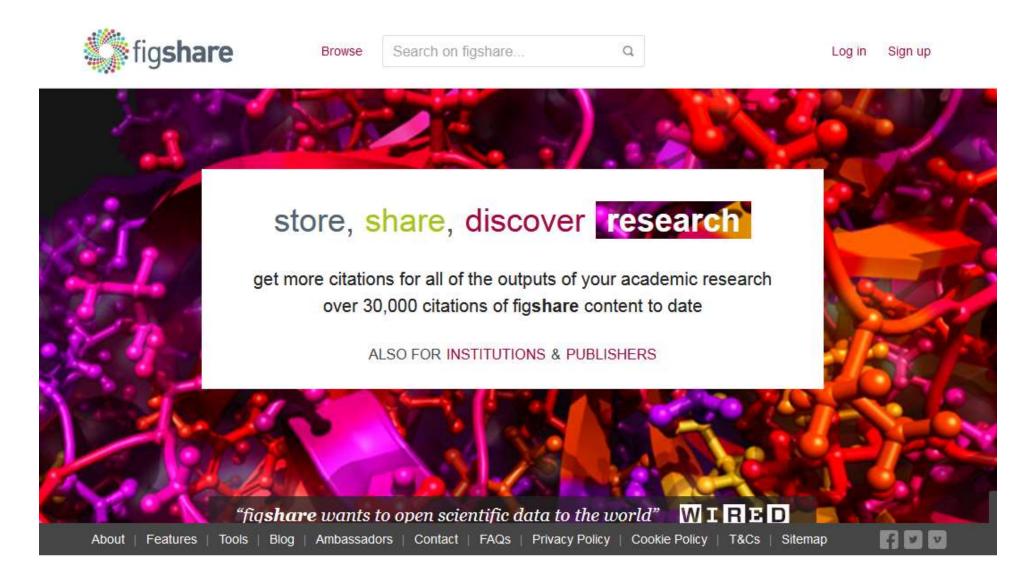
- http://www.facebook.com
- http://www.twitter.com
- http://www.linkedin.com

Share Your Profiles & Research

Use & Update Author Identifiers and Profiles:

- Figshare (https://figshare.com)
- Twitter (http://twitter.com)
- Facebook (https://facebook.com)
- GitHub (https://github.com)
- Universities Repositories

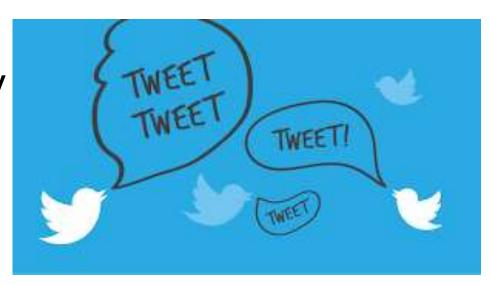
Figshare (https://figshare.com/)



Social Media: Twitter

- Tweet of 280 Character
- Audio and video tweets limited to 140 seconds
- Follow other researchers
- Post regularly and respond promptly
- Retweet
- Use images, movies & audios



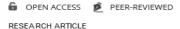


Twitter Visibility

PLOS GENETICS

BROWSE PUBLISH ABOUT

SEARCH Q advanced search



Distinct genetic variation and heterogeneity of the Iranian population

Zohreh Mehrjoo, Zohreh Fattahi, Maryam Beheshtian, Marzieh Mohseni, Hossein Poustchi, Fariba Ardalani, Khadijeh Jalalvand, Sanaz Arzhangi, Zahra Mohammadi, Shahrouz Khoshbakht, Farid Najafi, Pooneh Nikuei, Mohammad Haddadi, [...], Michael Nothnagel

[view all]

Published: September 24, 2019 • https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pgen.1008385

Article	Authors	Metrics	Comments	Media Coverage
		>		

61 19 Citation 109,521 465 Share

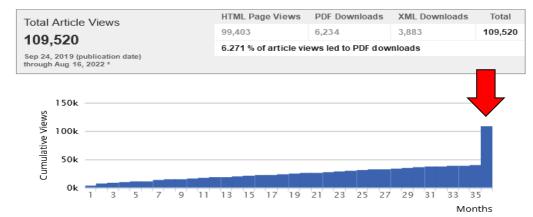




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*Although we update our data on a daily basis, there may be a 48-hour delay before the most recent numbers are available.



Twitter Visibility

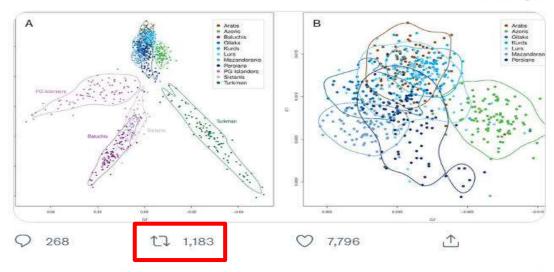


S200000 225

رشتو:

۱/ آزمایش ژنتیکی ۱۰۰۰ ایرانی از اقوام مختلف:

پژوهشگران تعداد مشخصی از گروه های ترک، لر، عرب، فارس، بلوچ، ترکمن، کرد، زرتشتی، گیلک، جزایر خلیج فارس و سیستانی را انتخاب میکنن و آزمایس میگیرن. نتایج نشون می ده که همه از یک ریشه هستیم؛ فقط بلوچ و جزایر خلیج فارس و اعراب کمی





Neo @legendoffall_ · Aug 5

۲:التقاط با همسایه ها داشتن.

زرتشتی ها وسط کلاستر همه اقوام هستن.

اختلاف بین دوتا فارس ممکنه از یک فارس و یک ترک بیشتر باشه. نتایج نشون میده که ماها با مردم Tuscany ایتالیا ژن مشترک زیادی داریم. همچنین اگه ما را با اعراب و جنوب آسیا و شرق آسیا و ... مقایسه کنن، م

همچنین اگه ما را با اعراب و جنوب آسیا و شرق آسیا و ... مقایسه کنن، ما با اروپایی ها



Social media: Facebook

- Create a 'fan' page
- Invite fellow researchers
- Share images, videos, AudioSlides
- Link to your articles
- Discuss and ask for feedback





Find & Connect with Your Peers

- Academia (https://www.academia.edu)
- ResearchGate (https://www.researchgate.net)
- Linkedin (https://www.linkedin.com)
- Universities Repositories

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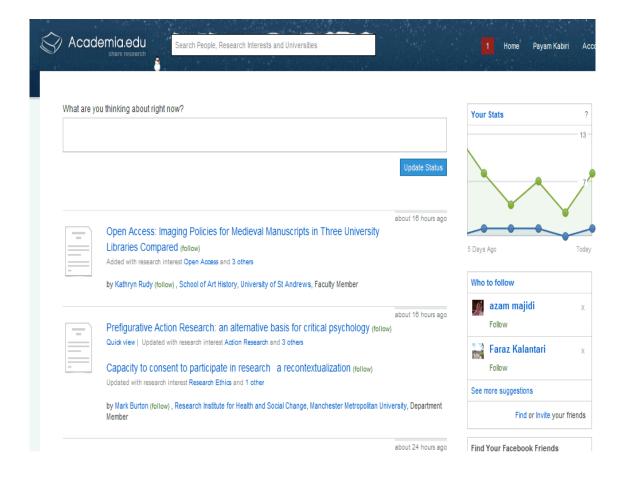
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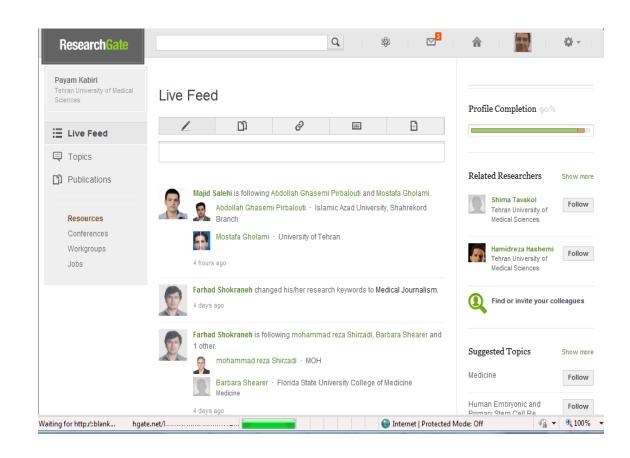
- Create a profile in Academia.edu
- 7.9m papers uploaded)
- Provides analytics on visitors to your papers, country they came from, keywords used







- Create a profile in ResearchGATE.net
- Social network for scientists (esp. biological and health) with over 8m members
- Emphasis on sharing papers, asking and answering questions, finding collaborators



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Linkedin www.linkedin.com

- Used professionally by 65 percent of the researchers, now it has 300m members
- Your Profile is the key to promote your research
- First, expand your connections with a complete, concise and compelling profile
- Add papers, videos, images, presentations that showcase your achievements



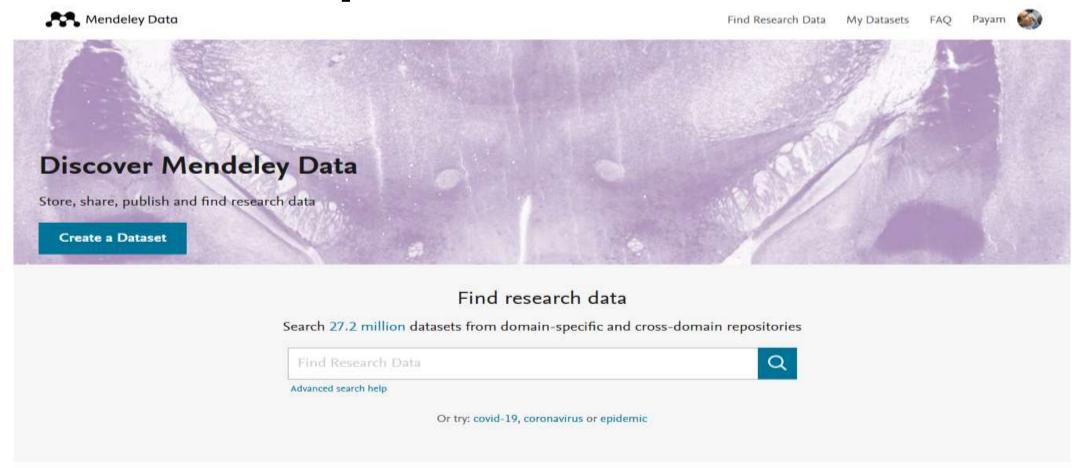
Datasets Registrations in Repositories

Post your datasets to Data Registration Platforms for and storage of datasets.

Make your data findable and citable from a repository. This can lead back to your original research or to your other work.

Use data.mendeley.com & Re3data.org & to identify a suitable service for your discipline.

Datasets Repositories (https://data.mendeley.com)



Open research data repositories in our index







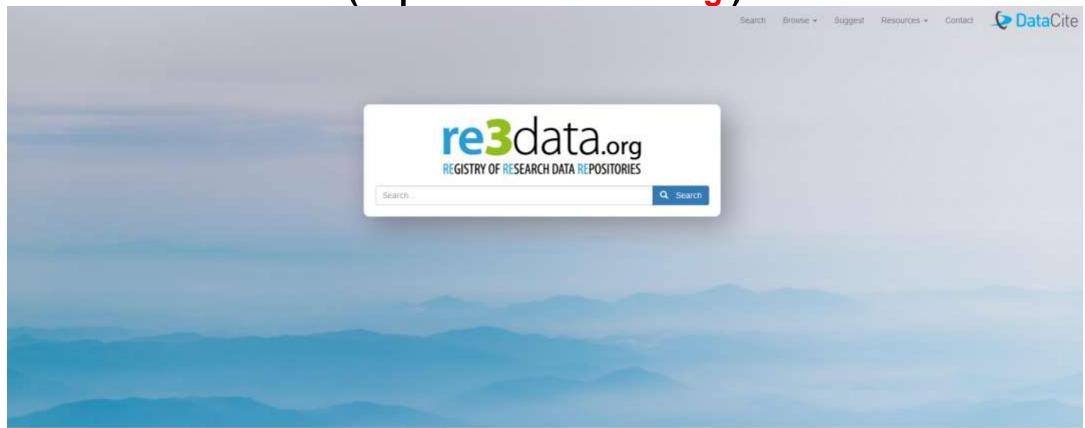






Registry of Data Repositories

(https://www.re3data.org/)





Datasets Registrations in Repositories

- Data journals offer another route to making data more discoverable and citable. They are often based on data deposited in a data repository and involve some level of peer review.
 - □ Journal of Open Humanities Data
 - □ Open Health Data
 - □ Journal of Open Psychology Data
 - □ Scientific Data
 - Data in Brief

Business Plan for Your Article

- 1. Preparing your article
- 2. Publishing your article
- 3. Promoting your published article
- 4. Monitoring your article

Monitoring Your Article

Monitoring your article

- 1. Publishers Research Dashboard
- 2. Altmetrics Indices
- 3. Social Networks Tools
- 4. Scientometric Tools

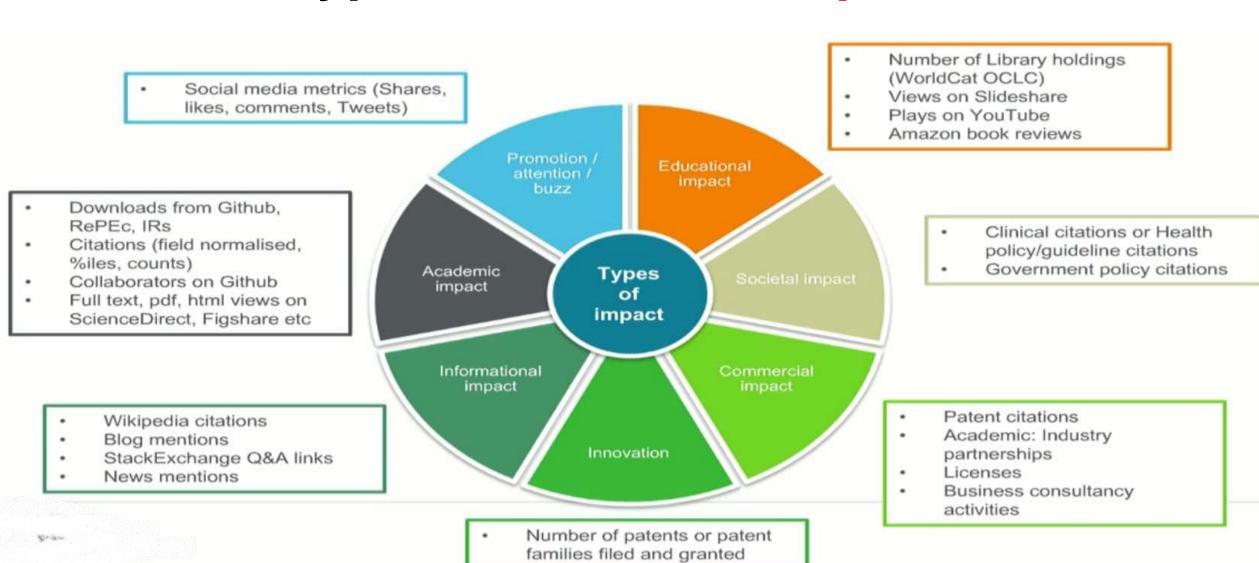
Research Dashboard

- Early feedback on downloads, shares and citations
- Data about the geographic locations and research disciplines of your readers
- Search terms used in ScienceDirect to find your publications
- A comparison of the performance of your article with other people's articles

Different Types of Impacts

- Research impact
- Social impact
- Clinical impact
- Economic impact
- Environmental impact
- Impact on health and wellbeing
- Policy influence and change
- Technological developments

Different Types of Research Impacts & Metrics



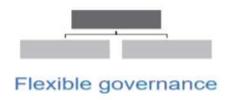
Metrics That Help You

Articles Cust	om document Journals, Set Conference Papers, Books	Portfolio	Author, Editor, Institution Reviewer Grou	Subject Are:
Community	Contributions	Consumption	Scholarly Impact	Social Impact
Editor Board Authors	Outputs Funding awards	Usage Citations Audience Patents	Scholarly Activity Academic Opinion	Social Activity Media Activity
Geographical spread	Scholarly output	CiteScore	Scholarly discussion	Social media mentions
Collaboration network	Research data output	Impact Factor	Mendeley Counts	Media mentions
Sector distribution	Conference output	FWCI, SJR, SNIP	Peer Review metrics	Medical guidelines
h-, g-, m- indices	Funding sources	Citation Counts	Prizes and awards	Influence policies
		Usage counts		
		Patent metrics		

Key Characteristic of World Class University



















Love Yourself Make an Impact

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kabiri@tums.ac.ir

Good Luck!